



Colonoscopy / Biopsy / Polypectomy

Description of Procedure:

You will lie on your left side. To allow your doctor to see the inside of your colon, a flexible tube with a small camera (called a colonoscope) will be inserted into your rectum or stoma. Photos may be taken as considered advisable by the doctor. Your doctor will insert air into your colon so that they can have a better view. You may experience bloating after the procedure because of this, but this will be relieved by passing gas. Your doctor may take a small sample of tissue or remove abnormal growths (called polyps) for testing. Polyps may be removed because they may contain cancer or pre-cancerous cells. Any tissues that are removed may be reviewed by a pathologist.

Sedation:

I consent to the administration of moderate or deep sedation/anesthetics (by mouth or through a needle placed in a vein in my arm or hand) as considered necessary or advisable by the physician, certified registered nurse anesthetist, and/or registered nurse under supervision of the physician. I understand the alternatives, the risks involved, and possible complications of sedation.

Teeth in poor condition and dental prosthetics may become loose, broken, or dislodged during the protective procedures related to anesthetic. While every effort is made to protect teeth, such damage is a recognized risk. Gastroenterology Associates of the Piedmont will not accept responsibility for damage to teeth or dental prosthetics.

Potential Risks:

- Irritation of veins (5%)
- Excessive sedation (1%)
- Allergic reaction to medication (<1%)
- Aspiration (If you vomit and it gets into your lungs, pneumonia can occur) (<1%)
- Perforation (a hole or tear in the colon) (<1%)
 - Risk increases to 1% if polyps are removed.
 - Rarely, blood transfusions or surgery may be required to treat this condition.
- GI Bleeding (<1%)
 - Risk increases to 1% if polyps are removed or if patient is currently taking a blood thinning medication.
 - Rarely, blood transfusions or surgery may be required to treat this condition.
- Rectal irritation
- Infection
- Death
- There is a small chance that other organs (spleen, liver, kidneys) could be damaged during the procedure.
- Risks may increase if patient uses steroids or has significant respiratory, liver, kidney or brain impairment.

After the Procedure:

- I understand that if I am scheduled for a procedure with sedation, I must have an adult (age 18+) available to accompany me home. This adult may be given my discharge instructions.
- I agree not to drive/operate machinery for eight hours after leaving this facility.
- I agree not to drink alcohol, take tranquilizers or sedatives for eight hours after leaving this facility.



Consent for Procedure(s)
Colonoscopy
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Additional Information:

- Procedures that are presently unknown may be performed that are different from or in addition to those planned in the case that the doctor or his/her associates or assistants consider them advisable or necessary.
- Doctors in training may be present and participate during the procedure(s).
- We do not honor living wills or Do Not Resuscitate Orders (DNR) at this facility due to the fact that a terminal, incurable, vegetative state is not anticipated in this outpatient setting.
- Gastrointestinal endoscopy is generally a safe and effective way to examine the gastrointestinal tract. It is not 100 percent accurate in diagnosis. No guarantee has been given by anyone as to the result of the procedure(s). It is not guaranteed that all polyps will be seen or removed during the procedure. Other options are available, including (but not limited to) radiologic studies, surgery and medical treatment.

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